# **Guide for Victorians**

So, you want to run a food business?



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# Important things to know

If you are thinking about buying an existing food business or starting your own, there are some important things to know. This publication will tell you about:

- how Victorian laws, particularly the food laws, affect what you might be planning to do in your new food business
- · how to meet your obligations
- how to get more help and information if you need it.

#### What do the food laws mean for me?

A business that sells food in Victoria must register the place where they sell or prepare the food - their 'food premises' – with the relevant local council. This applies even if you do not charge directly for the food, but include it as part of another service, such as for promotional purposes, tourist packages, or at a bed and breakfast.

Making and selling food carries with it certain responsibilities. The food must be safe to eat and free of any contamination. Poisoning your customers is no way to stay in business!

Victoria's food laws are part of a national food safety strategy that aims to have consistent food safety standards across Australia.



If you plan to run a food business, you need to be familiar with the national Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code (the Code). The Code covers:

- · what can and should be in foods
- what must be included on labels and packaging
- how to manage food safety in your business (Chapter 3 Food Safety Standards).

The Code is available on the <u>Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ) website</u>: <a href="https://www.foodstandards.gov.au/code/Pages/default.aspx">www.foodstandards.gov.au/code/Pages/default.aspx</a>>.

For more information, visit the FSANZ website at: <www.foodstandards.gov.au> or call 1300 652 166.

### Food business classes

Local councils classify all food businesses according to their food safety risk. Depending on the premises' food handling activities, different regulatory requirements apply under Victoria's *Food Act 1984* (the Act). There are four classes of food business in Victoria, with class 1 premises having the highest risk and class 4 the lowest.

As you would expect, requirements for premises carrying out only lower risk food handling activities, such as a greengrocer, are much simpler than for a restaurant or nursing home where more complex food preparation can increase the chances of something going wrong.

Your local council can tell you what class your food premises falls within and whether you will need to register annually with your council or only notify council of your operations as a one-off.

If your business involves only low food safety risks, such as a newsagency or a bottle shop, and you are selling only pre-packaged low-risk foods, you simply need to notify your principal (local) council that you will be running a food business. You need to do this only once. You do not need to obtain formal annual approval through registration.

For an indication of which class your proposed food business activity falls within, go to the Department of Health and Human Services' (the department) <u>website</u>, <u>Health.vic - Food businesses</u> <www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses>.

#### Can I run a food business from home?

Depending on your activities, you must either be registered with, or notify, your local council to operate a food business from home.

If you are thinking about running a food business from home, your local council environmental health officer (EHO) can advise you how to comply with the Code.

# Where do I start?

One of the best places to start is to talk with your local EHO. Whether you are thinking about buying an existing business or even operating from home, EHOs can guide you towards making your plans a reality, with the least amount of fuss.

Preparing food for customers is different to preparing food for yourself and your family. The amounts will probably be larger. The time between preparing and eating your food might not be so predictable. You might have customers who are allergic to some types of food.

Here are a few things you should think about before taking the big step:

- What laws will affect my plans?
- Do I know enough to make sure the food I sell is safe?
- Will I need a planning permit from the local council?
- If I want to alter the building, do I need a building permit from council?

- Will the kitchen equipment and storage facilities be appropriate for the things I plan to do?
- Is there a place to wash and dry my hands before I start preparing food?
- Is there enough room in the fridge to store the amount of food I plan to make safely?
- Will I need a food safety supervisor for my business?

### Who do I apply to for permission to operate my business?

### **Fixed premises**

Who you apply to for permission depends on the type of food business that you plan to operate. If you operate from a fixed premises – such as a café, shop, factory – then you must contact the council in whose municipality the premises is located. You can search for the relevant council on the <u>Department of Environment, Land, Water & Planning website</u>: <www.dtpli.vic.gov.au/local-government/find-your-local-council>.

Other specialist regulators cover a small number of primary food processing businesses, such as butchers and dairy manufacturers.

Look at the table below to see who your business' food regulator is.

Table 1: Determining your fixed premises food regulator

The main food business activity at a fixed premises	Your food regulator
Selling uncooked meat or chicken (for example, a butcher's shop), processing meat or chicken, or, making smallgoods, or transporting meat or fresh chicken	PrimeSafe tel: (03) 9685 7333 <www.primesafe.vic.gov.au> A licence is required.</www.primesafe.vic.gov.au>
Selling, transporting, preparing or processing fish or seafood	PrimeSafe tel: (03) 9685 7333 <www.primesafe.vic.gov.au> A licence is required.</www.primesafe.vic.gov.au>
Manufacturing ice cream and/or frozen yoghurt at a fixed premises and selling it on-site or from a van or stall	Your local council Registration is required and classification based on the food handled.
A dairy farm, a dairy manufacturer, a dairy distribution business, dairy wholesaler or a dairy food carrier (such as a milk tanker)	Dairy Food Safety Victoria tel: (03) 9810 5900 <www.dairysafe.vic.gov.au> A licence is required.</www.dairysafe.vic.gov.au>
Selling, making, transporting, or preparing <b>other foods</b> or a range of foods at a shop, factory or at other permanent building	Your local council Registration or notification is required and classification based on the food handled.

### Temporary and mobile premises - state-wide approval

If you plan to operate a temporary or mobile business – such as a stall, a food van or trailer, a vending machine, or you occasionally use a hall – or if you operate as a private water carter, then in most cases you will only have to register or notify with your 'principal council'.

Look at the table on the next page to see which food regulator is the right one for your business.

Table 2: Determining your temporary or mobile food regulator

The main food business activity at a temporary or mobile premises	Your food regulator
Selling packaged meat at a market from a PrimeSafe licensed meat transport vehicle	Your principal council (as outlined in Table 3).
Selling packaged meat at a market from any other vehicle or stall	Your principal council (as outlined in Table 3). You can register on <u>Streatrader</u> : <a href="https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au">https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au</a>
Selling raw fish or seafood from a van or stall  Note: the sale of mainly raw fish or seafood at portable food premises is regulated by PrimeSafe, not by local government	PrimeSafe tel: (03) 9685 7333 <www.primesafe.vic.gov.au></www.primesafe.vic.gov.au>
Selling dairy foods, including ice cream and/or frozen yoghurt, from a van or stall	Your principal council (as outlined in Table 3). You can register on Streatrader: <a href="https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au">https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au</a>
Selling any other food from a stall, van, or hall you use occasionally, or from a vending machine	Your principal council (as outlined in Table 3). You can register/notify in <a href="Streatrader">Streatrader</a> <a href="https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au">https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au</a>
Selling water for human consumption from a water transport vehicle	Your principal council (as outlined in the following table). You can register in <u>Streatrader</u> <a href="https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au">https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au</a>

### Businesses regulated by local council

Regardless of where you plan to trade with your mobile or temporary premises, you will need to contact your 'principal' council. This applies regardless of whether or not local council, PrimeSafe or Dairy Food Safety Victoria, regulates you premises.

Your principal council is the Victorian council in whose district your food is prepared or stored, your stall, van or trailer is garaged, or your business is based.

Table 3: Who is your principal council?

Food businesses that operate from a stall, van, trailer or vending machine	Your principal council
Food that is usually prepared or stored before it is sold	Where your food is usually prepared or stored. For example, if your food is stored in Richmond, your principal council is Yarra City Council
Food that is not usually prepared or stored before it is sold	The main place where the equipment for your stall is stored or your vehicle is garaged
Neither of the above	Where your usual business address is located
The food business is not based in Victoria	Where your stall, van, trailer, vehicle or machine will first operate in Victoria

Your principal council will issue a single, statewide registration certificate (usually for a 12 month period) if the premises are classified as class 1, 2 and 3, or acknowledge your once-off notification if your premises are classified as class 4. This entitles you to operate anywhere in Victoria, provided you lodge a 'statement of trade' that lets the council, in whose district you plan to trade, know where and when you will be operating. This makes it simple for food businesses to trade in different council districts.

For further details, go to the <u>Food Safety Unit webpage</u>: <www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses>.

You will also be able to use the online <u>Streatrader website</u> (<a href="https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au/public\_site">https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au/public\_site</a>) to lodge and manage your applications and registrations/notifications.

You can log in to Streatrader at any time and update your business and premises details.

### What do I need to do to register under the Act?

It is important to contact your local council EHO to discuss the nature of your proposed food business. They will advise you of the probable class of your food premises – class 1, 2, 3 or 4 – depending on your activities. This will help ensure you follow the right steps to obtain permission to operate.

Most food businesses involved in handling unpackaged high-risk food must have a 'food safety program' and a food safety supervisor. This applies, for example, to nursing homes, hospitals, childcare centres providing cooked meals, restaurants, fast food outlets, caterers, delis, supermarkets with delis, pubs, and cafes, most manufacturers, and wholesalers. These are class 1 and class 2 food premises. You will find further information about these requirements on page 6.

Generally, food businesses that handle only pre-packaged high-risk food, or any unpackaged low-risk food, will still need to register with council. These are class 3 food premises.

Given the lower risks associated with these activities, class 3 food premises are not required by law to have a food safety program or a food safety supervisor. They must keep a small number of easy-to-complete 'minimum records'. These are available from your council or the <a href="Health.vic.">Health.vic.</a>— Starting a food business — what you need to know: <a href="https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/starting-a-food-business/starting-a-food-business/starting-a-food-business-what-to-know">health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/starting-a-food-business/starting-a-food-business-what-to-know</a>.

# What is a food safety supervisor?

If your business is classified as a class 1 or 2 premises, you are required to have a food safety supervisor under the Act.

The food safety supervisor needs to know about food safety, have the *ability* to supervise food handlers, and the *authority* to give directions if unsafe food practices are observed.

A registered training organisation can provide a *Certificate of Attainment* showing that the relevant competencies have been completed. You will need to show the certificate to your local council environmental health officer if requested to do so.

For more information about the role and requirements of a food safety supervisor, go to the <u>Health.vic – Starting a food business – what you need to know</u>: <a href="https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/starting-a-food-business/starting-a-food-business-what-to-know">https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-business/starting-a-food-business/starting-a-food-business-what-to-know</a>.

# What formal training do I need?

Everyone who handles food in your business needs to know how to do their job safely, regardless of whether the activity is class 1, 2, 3 or 4.

If your business is required to have a food safety supervisor, they must have specific, formal qualifications from a registered training organisation.

Your food handling staff are not required under the Act to hold formal qualifications or attend a training course. It is important, however, to make sure that food handlers within your business have the skills and the knowledge of food safety and food hygiene for the work they do. Sometimes the best way of giving staff this knowledge is to send them to a formal course, but other options include:

- on-the-job training under a more experienced staff member
- formal recognition of people's experience in other food businesses
- · self- instruction using written material
- running in-house training sessions, and
- completing DoFoodSafely, the department's <u>free online learning program</u> for food handlers: <a href="http://dofoodsafely.health.vic.gov.au">http://dofoodsafely.health.vic.gov.au</a>.

You should be aware of the type of training everyone receives in case your local council EHO wants to know.

For more information, go to the <u>Health.vic – Food safety training skill and knowledge page</u>: <a href="https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-training-skills-knowledge">https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-training-skills-knowledge</a>.

### What if I plan to build or renovate a food premises?

If you are planning to build or substantially renovate a food premises, contact your council early in the process - before you apply to register the premises.

Council can advise you on what is required by law before any building works commence.

If you are only altering the fit-out in an existing building, and approval from council is not required under building law, you may not need to prepare a plan for council.

Plans are not required for registration under the Act.

It is wise, however, to consult council before you alter the premises to ensure that the premises are suitable and will comply with the Code. This will avoid you having to undertake costly remedial work if the fit-out does not meet all legal requirements.

# What labelling do I need on packaged food?

There are uniform standards for the labelling of packaged food around Australia. If you import, manufacture or package food, you must know about these standards. They are contained in part 1.2 of <a href="the Code">the Code</a> and can be found at: <a href="twww.foodstandards.gov.au/code/Pages/default.aspx">www.foodstandards.gov.au/code/Pages/default.aspx</a>.

If you are going to produce packaged food for retail sale, fact sheets are available from your local council. You should also look at the Food Standards Australia New Zealand website; it gives important information about labelling and a range of tools to assist you with compliance requirements. The <a href="web\_address">web\_address</a> is: <a href="http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/industry/labelling/Pages/default.aspx>

# More information on food safety programs (class 1 and 2 activities)

### What is a food safety program?

Class 1 and 2 premises are required to have a food safety program. This is a written plan that shows how your business will manage the safety of the food you prepare, serve, manufacture or sell. It is your plan for serving safe food, which makes for a healthy business.

If your business needs a food safety program, it is a legal requirement that you have it in place **before** you open.

Food safety programs are based on the principles of HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point), an internationally accepted prevention and risk-based food safety system. Food safety programs need to be reviewed annually to make sure they are still relevant.

Your local council can also advise you further about your obligations.

#### How do I get a food safety program?

If the council classifies your activity as class 1 – because your food is prepared specifically for 'at risk' people (such as the very young, the elderly or people in hospitals or nursing homes) – then you will need to have your own food safety program written. A department-approved food safety auditor must audit your program. The auditor checks whether your food safety program is adequate for your food handling activities, and whether you are complying with it.

You may choose a private auditor or an auditor from your local council if they provide that service.

If the council classifies your activity as class 2, then you have a choice of either writing your own food safety program or using a department registered *Food Safety Program Template*.

This simpler and less costly option involves completing a template that has already been registered with the department. There are a number of templates to choose from – some are specifically written for particular types of businesses, others are more general. To find out which templates are available, visit <a href="health.vic.-Food businesses">health.vic.-Food businesses</a> webpage: <a href="health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses">health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses</a>.

Some templates are free, and others must be purchased. If you decide to use a template, you should choose the one that is most appropriate for your type of business. Your local council EHO can help you decide.

Whichever one you choose, the supplier of the template must offer you support to help you complete your food safety program properly.

Many existing businesses already have a food safety program in place. If you are buying an existing business, ask to see the food safety program and check if it is included in the sale of the business.

You should also check with the local council to see if there are any existing Enforcement Orders over the premises - or you can ask whether a local council EHO can inspect the premises, as these issues would need to be fixed before you can open.

If you are planning to use an existing food safety program for a business you buy, you must review the whole food safety program so that it reflects the food handling activities at your new business.

#### What do I need to know about auditing?

If you do not use a registered food safety program template, but write your own program, your business will need to be audited at your cost by a department-approved food safety auditor.

For more information about food safety auditing, visit the <a href="health.vic webpage">health.vic webpage</a> - Food safety audits and <a href="health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-audits-assessment">health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-audits-assessment</a>.

# To find out more

- Visit the department's <a href="health.vic-Food safety webpages">health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety></a>.
- Speak with your local council's EHO for detailed food safety advice.
- Ring the department's Food Safety Hotline toll-free on 1300 364 352 during business hours.
- Ring the Business Victoria on 13 22 15.
- Visit the Food Standards Australia New Zealand website at: <www.foodstandards.gov.au>
- Look under Catering and Food Consultants in the Yellow Pages.
- Contact relevant industry associations as many provide advice about buying and selling businesses.

#### **Publications and resources**

The department's health.vic website holds a range of resources to assist food businesses with food safety:

- guides and publications: <a href="https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/publications-guides-resources">https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/publications-guides-resources</a>
- food safety program templates to guide the writing and implementation of food safety programs:
   <a href="https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-program">https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-program</a>>
- <u>FoodSmart</u>, the departments on-line food safety program template: < https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/food-safety-program/foodsmart>
- <u>DoFoodSafely</u>, a free online learning program for food handlers <a href="http://dofoodsafely.health.vic.gov.au">http://dofoodsafely.health.vic.gov.au</a>

### **Contacting us**

#### **Food Safety Unit**

Department of Health and Human Services GPO Box 4057 Melbourne VIC 3001

Hotline: 1300 364 352

web: <www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety>

email: <foodsafety@dhhs.vic.gov.au>

Streatrader

**web**: https://streatrader.health.vic.gov.au **email:** streatrader@health.vic.gov.au

**DoFoodSafely** 

web: <a href="http://dofoodsafely.health.vic.gov.au">http://dofoodsafely.health.vic.gov.au</a>

#### Other contacts

Prime Safe PO Box 2057 South Melbourne VIC 3205 **phone** 03 9685 7333

web: www.primesafe.vic.gov.au

Dairy Food Safety Victoria PO Box 8221 Camberwell North VIC 3124

phone: 03 9810 5900

web: www.dairysafe.vic.gov.au

To receive this publication in an accessible format phone <1300 364 352>, using the National Relay Service 13 36 77 if required, or email <foodsafety@dhhs.vic.gov.au>

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Available at <a href="https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/starting-a-food-business-what-to-know">https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/food-safety/food-businesses/starting-a-food-business-what-to-know</a>