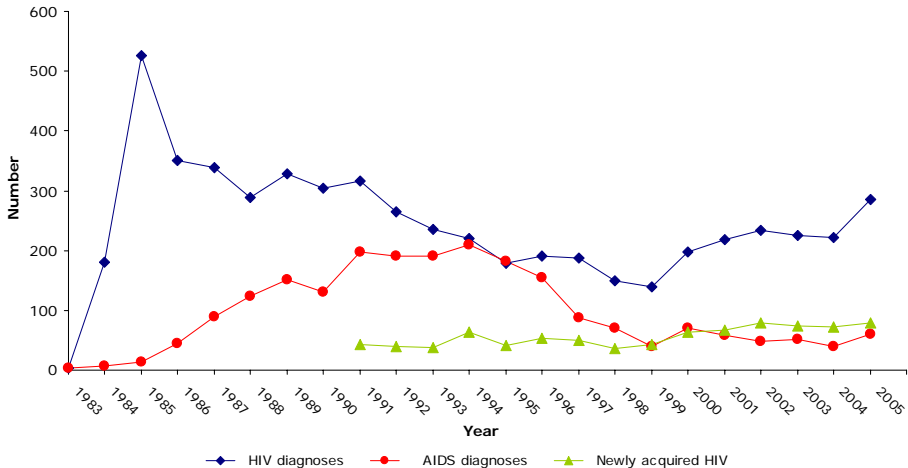
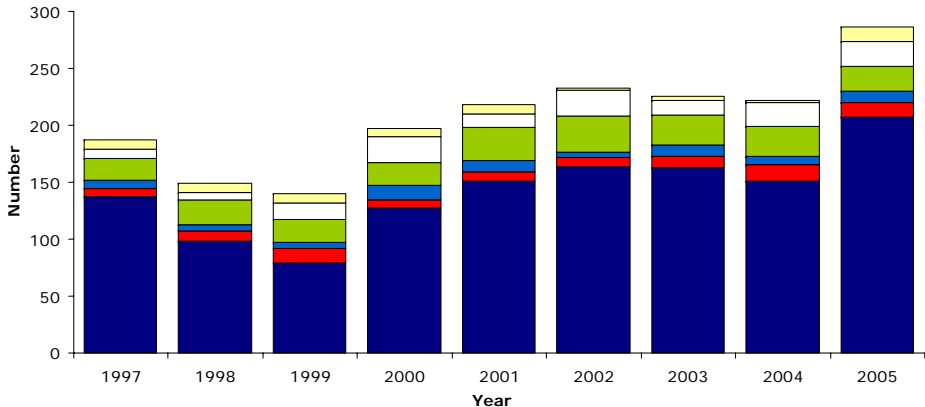


HIV and AIDS in Victoria —1983 to 2005



Newly Acquired HIV = Data collected since 1991. Individuals classified on the basis of a previous negative HIV test and/or a seroconversion illness within the 12 months preceding HIV diagnosis.

HIV diagnosis —by exposure category and year, Victoria



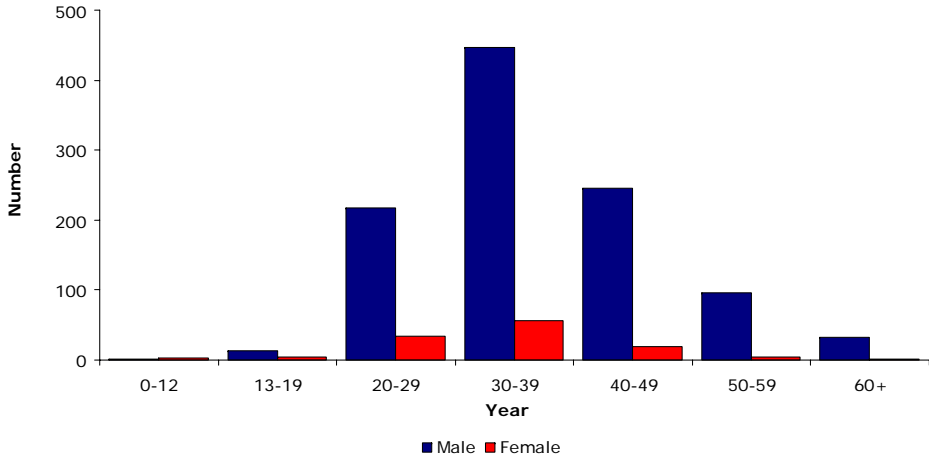
■ Male Homosexual
■ Heterosexual Contact

■ Male Homosexual & IDU
□ Heterosexual Contact (HPC)

■ Injecting Drug Use (IDU) Only
■ Other/Unavailable

HPC = High Prevalence Country (include those countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Cambodia, Myanmar, and certain countries within the Caribbean where the adult HIV prevalence is >1% and HIV is transmitted predominantly by heterosexual contact).

HIV diagnosis —2001-2005, by age group and sex, Victoria

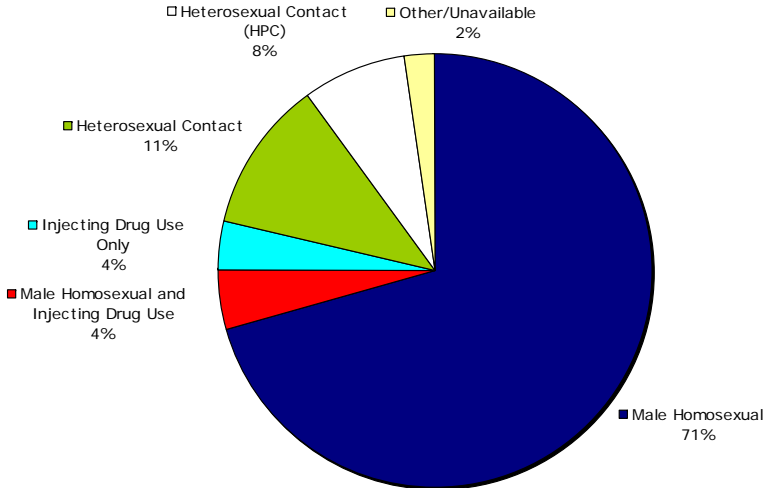


Note: Graph excludes six transgender individuals

HIV diagnosis —2001-2005, by age group and sex, Victoria

Age Group (years)	Males		Females		Transgender	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
0-12	2	0.2	3	2.4	0	0.0
13-19	13	1.2	5	4.1	0	0.0
20-29	218	20.7	34	27.6	1	16.7
30-39	447	42.4	56	45.5	3	50.0
40-49	246	23.3	19	15.4	1	16.7
50-59	96	9.1	4	3.3	1	16.7
60+	33	3.1	2	1.6	0	0.0
Total	1055	100.0	123	100.0	6	100.0

HIV diagnosis —2001-2005, by exposure category, Victoria



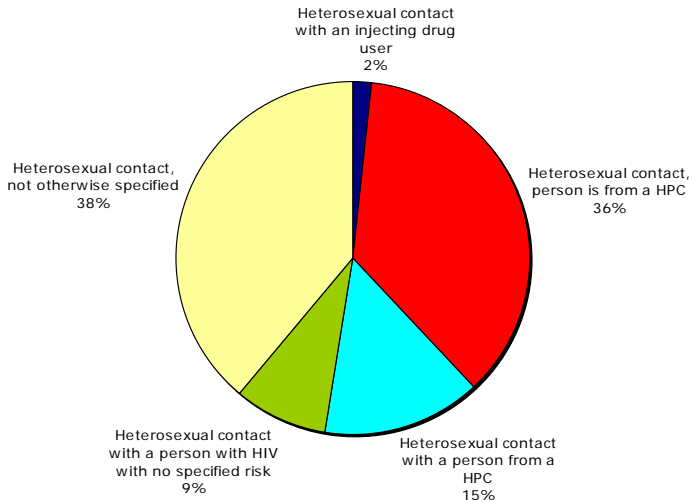
HPC = High Prevalence Country (include those countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Cambodia, Myanmar, and certain countries within the Caribbean where the adult HIV prevalence is >1% and HIV is transmitted predominantly by heterosexual contact).

HIV diagnosis —2001-2005, by exposure category and sex, Victoria

Exposure Category	Males		Females		Transgender	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
Male Homosexual	832	78.9	–	0.0	4	66.7
Male Homosexual and Injecting Drug Use	51	4.8	–	0.0	2	33.3
Injecting drug use only	34	3.2	8	6.5	0	0.0
Heterosexual Contact	74	7.0	61	49.6	0	0.0
Heterosexual Contact (HPC)	42	4.0	49	39.8	0	0.0
Other/Unavailable	22	2.1	5	4.1	0	0.0
Total	1055	100.0	123	100.0	6	100.0

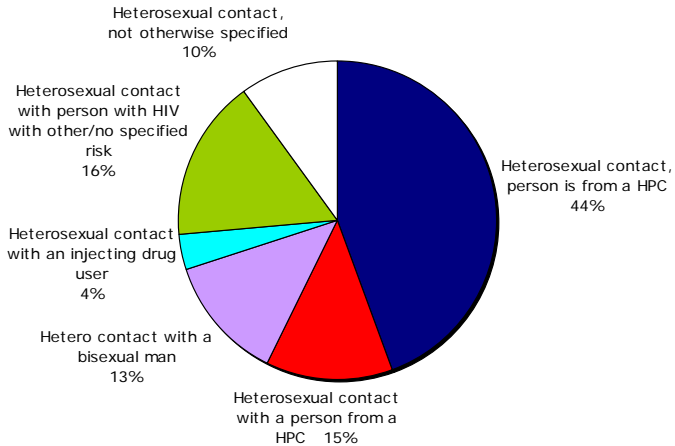
HPC = High Prevalence Country (include those countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Cambodia, Myanmar, and certain countries within the Caribbean where the adult HIV prevalence is >1% and HIV is transmitted predominantly by heterosexual contact).

HIV diagnosis —2001-2005, males, by heterosexual exposure category, Victoria



HPC = High Prevalence Country (include those countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Cambodia, Myanmar, and certain countries within the Caribbean where the adult HIV prevalence is >1% and HIV is transmitted predominantly by heterosexual contact).

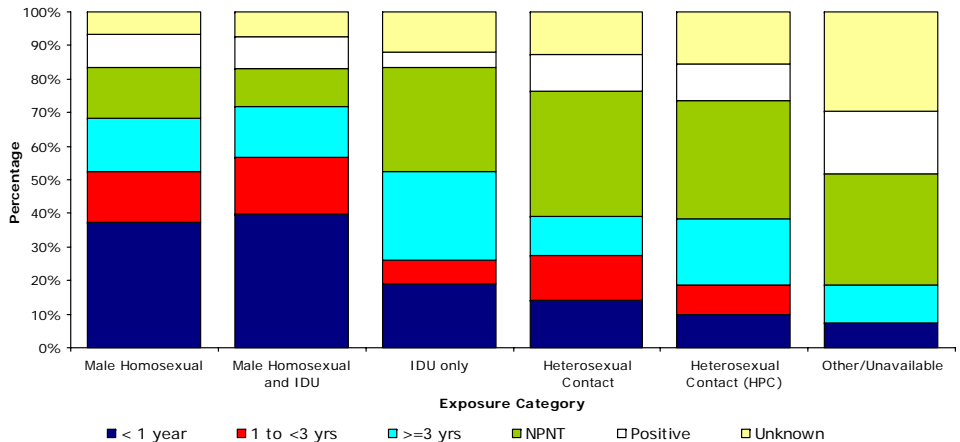
HIV diagnosis —2001-2005, females, by heterosexual exposure category, Victoria



HPC = High Prevalence Country (include those countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Cambodia, Myanmar, and certain countries within the Caribbean where the adult HIV prevalence is >1% and HIV is transmitted predominantly by heterosexual contact).

HIV diagnosis

—2001-2005, time between HIV diagnosis and negative test and/or seroconversion illness, by exposure category, Victoria



NPNT = No Previous Negative Test
 Positive = Previously Diagnosed Positive Interstate or Overseas
 HPC = High Prevalence Country (include those countries in sub-Saharan Africa, Cambodia, Myanmar, and certain countries within the Caribbean where the adult HIV prevalence is >1% and HIV is transmitted predominantly by heterosexual contact).