## health

### **Ambulance Transfer Taskforce**

### Final Report - Attachments

### Attachment 1 - Ambulance Transfer Taskforce - Terms of Reference

 Document outlining the purpose, functions and responsibilities, membership and governance of the Ambulance Transfer Taskforce.

## Attachments 2 and 3 — Ambulance Patient Transfer Policy Stakeholder Forum and Ambulance Transfer Strategy Meeting

 Summary of attendees at the Stakeholder Forum and Strategy Meeting held in August and September 2013 respectively.

The Taskforce undertook a range of formal and informal consultations in addition to the Stakeholder Forum and Strategy Meeting as part of the process.

## Attachment 4 – Draft: Improving Ambulance Patient Transfer Times – Principles and Accountabilities – Health Service and Ambulance

- Draft document to support health services and Ambulance Victoria to improve and streamline the care of ambulance patients presenting for emergency care in line with the Taskforce recommendations.
- A final version will be circulated to health service CEOs and Ambulance Victoria by January 2014.

### Attachment 5 – Hospital Circular 13/2013

- Document clarifying the responsibility for patient care on transfer from ambulance to hospital
- The Hospital Circular has been published and is available online on the Department of Health website: http://www.health.vic.gov.au/hospitalcirculars/circ13/circ1313.htm



## health

## **Ambulance Transfer Taskforce**

### Terms of Reference - July 2013

### 1. Establishment

The Ambulance Transfer Taskforce was established by the Minister for Health in July 2013 under the auspices of the Emergency Access Reference Committee to develop policy directives on the roles and responsibilities for health services and Ambulance Victoria (AV) on the transfer of ambulance patients into the Emergency Department (ED).

### 2. Purpose

The Ambulance Transfer Taskforce is a time limited group to provide advice and recommendations to the Minister for Health and the Department of Health on improved ambulance transfers, distribution and responsibility of care for ambulances patients on arrival in the ED.

### 3. Functions and responsibilities

Key activities for the Taskforce to undertake include:

- Consult on and develop guidance on a new approach for the transfer of emergency care
- Provide advice on options for including new data elements in the Victorian Emergency Minimum Dataset (VEMD) to improve the capacity to monitor ambulance patient transfers
- · Provide advice on the optimal configuration of data fields for display in an Ambulance Arrival Board in EDs.

The Ambulance Transfer Taskforce will be responsible for:

- Undertaking targeted consultation with the sector (including hosting a ministerial forum with key stakeholders
- Recommending a set of key principles for improved ambulance patient transfers.
- Supporting local practice change through workshops, clinical engagement and development of resources such as checklists for reference by health services and AV.

### 4. Membership

Andrew Stripp, Deputy Chief Executive & Chief Operating Officer, Alfred Health, (Chair)
Associate Professor Tony Walker, General Manager Regional Services, Ambulance Victoria
Ms Melissa Tully, Acting Nurse Unit Manager, Western Health

Dr Fergus Kerr, Medical Director Medicine and Emergency CSU, Austin Health

### 5. Reporting arrangements

The Chair of the Ambulance Transfer Taskforce will communicate directly with the Director, Health Service Programs.



# Ambulance Patient Transfer Policy Stakeholder Forum Wednesday, 14 August 2013, 4:30pm - 6:30pm Australasian College of Surgeons, Hughes Room, 250-290 Spring Street

### RSVPs:

Title	First Name	Surname	Position Title	Organisation
Associate 1 Professor	Tony	Walker ASM	General Manager Regional Services	Ambulance Victoria
2 Ms	Janet	Compton	Chief Executive Officer	Northern Health
3 Mr	Fergus	Kerr	Director, Emergency Department	Austin Health
4 Ms	Lisa	Vermeulen	Nurse Unit Manager	Eastern Health
5 Dr	Steven	Pincus	Acting Director, Emergency Services	Melbourne Health
6 Ms	Diane	Gill	Executive Director	The Royal Melbourne Hospital
7 Mr	Tobi	Wilson	Acting Director, Operations	The Royal Melbourne Hospital
8 Mr	Adam	Horsburgh	Chief Operating Officer	Monash Health
9 Mr	David	Anderson	Acting Chief Executive Officer	Peninsula Health
10 Dr	Pam	Rosengarten	Director, Emergency Services	Peninsula Health
11 Dr	Stephen	Parnis	President, Victorian Branch	AMA Victoria
12 Dr	Diana	Badcock	Director, ED	Bendigo Health
13 Dr	Shyaman	Menon	Chair, Victorian Faculty, ACEM / Director, ED	ACEM / Northern Health
14 Mr	Alan	Lilly	Chief Executive Officer/EARC Chair	Eastern Health
15 Ms	Jo	Morey	Nurse Unit Manager	Dandenong
16 Dr	De Villiers	Smit	Director, Emergency & Trauma Centre	Alfred Health
17 Ms	Melissa	Tully	A/Nurse Unit Manager	Sunshine Hospital
18 Ms	Diane	Crellin	Executive Director	CENA

# Ambulance Transfer Strategy meeting Friday, 20 September 2013: 2pm – 4pm Room 18.23, 50 Lonsdale Street Melbourne, Department of Health

### Attendees:

Title	First Name	Surname	Position Title	Organisation
1 Ms	Anna	Burgess	Director, Health Service Programs	Department of Health
2 Ms	Sue	O'Sullivan	Manager, Emergency and Trauma Program	Department of Health
3 Mr	Andrew	Stripp	Deputy Chief Executive and Chief Operating Officer	Alfred Health
4 Dr	Bill	Nima	Deputy Director, Emergency Medicine	Epworth Richmond
5 Ms	Danni	Gobbo	ED NUM	Epworth Richmond
6 Ms	Rebecca	Grubisa	ED NUM	John Fawkner Private Hospital
7 Ms	Kirsty	Austin	ED NUM	The Valley Private Hospital
8 Ms	Jane	Lynch	ED NUM	Cabrini Hospital
9 Dr	Barry	Chan	ED Director	Knox Private Hospital
10 Ms	Katie	Roberts	ED NUM	Knox Private Hospital
11 Mr	Robert	Seeley	Senior Project Officer, Information and Funding Systems	Department of Health

## Draft: Improving ambulance patient transfer times

health

Principles and accountabilities - Health service and ambulance

As part of the Hospitals plan to reduce ambulance delays strategic policy direction, a Taskforce was established in July 2013 under the auspices of the Emergency Access Reference Committee to review the ambulance / ED interface with a focus on improving ambulance patient transfer times. The Taskforce, with representation from executive, ED clinicians and Ambulance Victoria (AV), has developed principles that relate to ambulance transfers, distribution and responsibility of care for ambulances patients once in the ED.

The principles and accountabilities outlined below are intended as an aid for health services and AV staff to ensure that all possible steps are being undertaken to improve and streamline the care of ambulance patients presenting for emergency care in line with the Taskforce principles. This document recognises that improving the ambulance/ED interface is a shared responsibility and it is vital that it is recognised as a whole of health service/system issue.

### **Overarching Principles**

- 1. AV will deliver patients to the nearest ED in accordance with clinical needs, ensuring an optimal distribution of ambulance arrivals across hospitals
- 2. EDs will be advised by AV of any patient that is en route and prior to arrival
- 3. Health service Chief Executives to ensure that the hospital is available to provide assessment, investigations and treatment of patients arriving by ambulance to an ED
- 4. On arrival of an ambulance to an ED, hospitals will immediately assume responsibility for patient care.

### Health service responsibility

Health Service Boards	Actively manage identified performance issues     Monitor ambulance patient transfer performance against KPIs
. ( (	CEOs and health service executives to undertake active monitoring of daily reports on ambulance patient transfer times
Health Service Chief Executive	Health services to nominate executive to be responsible when ED experiencing reduced capacity and flow. Includes taking calls from AV where significant delays in transfers are being experienced in ED
	Foster a culture of promoting timely transfers of ambulance patient transfers to enable increased capacity and improve access to emergency care
	Promote executive performance accountably for ED access issues
	Manage escalation process for creating capacity and flow in the ED
	Ensure ED adequately resourced to facilitate the timely transfer of ambulance patients
	Establish an executive sponsored patient flow committee at an executive level to oversee improvement work

### **Ambulance Victoria responsibility**

AV Board	Actively monitor ambulance clearance time performance
AV executive	<ul> <li>Implement emergency demand escalation processes in periods of high demand</li> </ul>
	Implement and be accountable for a mutually agreed distribution framework
	<ul> <li>Ensure capability to provide real-time flow of information to EDs</li> </ul>



### 1. Smoothing ambulance flow

Smoothing the flow of ambulance arrivals to EDs reduces the pressures of ambulance clumping and assists EDs to manage ambulance patient flow.

### Ambulance Victoria

- Paramedics to review options for transferring patient to the ED, e.g. transfer to a private hospital with an ED
- Take necessary actions to smooth ambulances across the system to minimise 'clumping' of ambulance arrivals to an ED in a short period of time
- Ensure patient history/patient choice is consistent with transport policy and DH Circular
- Nominate a key AV contact point for communication with each hospital

### Health Service

- Direct referral pathways in place to facilitate direct access to inpatient areas for certain categories of ambulance patients (e.g. inter hospitals transfers) for avoidable ED presentations
- Establish clear protocols for non-urgent ambulance transports to EDs, e.g. transfer to waiting room
- Web based ambulance arrivals boards are in clear display in ED and operational and being monitored
- Ambulance arrivals data and information regularly monitored to assess problem areas

### 2. Enhancing communication

Collaboration and coordination between ED and ambulance staff is critical to facilitating a coordinated approach to the timely transfer of ambulance patients into the care of the ED.

### Ambulance Victoria

- Provide EDs with early notification of high acuity ambulance arrivals on route
- Jointly develop standardised clinical handover process
- Internal phone line for communication with AV staff and designated contact
- Clear visibility of ambulance arrivals in the ED
- Ensure ED staff are aware of the arrival of ambulances, e.g. ensure there is an auditory cue (buzzer or bell) or a visual cue
- Regular meetings between senior AV, hospital executive and ED staff to discuss strategies to improve transfers and reduce waits
- Nominate an executive and ED nominees to be the contacts for AV when delays are being experienced

#### Health services

- Electronic monitoring of ambulance patient arrivals and any delays in transfer
- Ensure any event of delayed ambulance transfer to be reviewed and analysed to identify cause
- Ensure regular contact with key AV staff in periods of peak demand
- Monitor incoming ambulance arrival advice from AV
- Provide easy access to a supply of equipment, e.g. patient slides /trolleys to facilitate early paramedic release
- Process in place for responding to advance calls from AV, including preparation for incoming high acuity patients

### 3. Arrival of ambulance patient into the ED

The timeliness of ambulance patient handover depends on a range of factors including the processes in place in the ED to receive the ambulance patients . There is a need for review of strategies to ensure continuous improvement .

### Ambulance Victoria

- Processes in place for ambulance paramedics to notify triage of arrival
- Paramedics actively seek updates from key ED staff on progress and available options to off load patients
- Paramedics actively escalate to AV Group Managers when lengthy delays being experienced in off load of patients
- Ensuring system is in place for the mutual agreed recording of Ambulance Handover Complete by both ED staff and AV
- Triage of ambulance patients to take place as soon as possible after patient arrival
- Dedicated triage nurse to be available for ambulance patient arrivals
- Automated alerts to senior ED staff when ambulances experience delays in transfer
- Processes in place to commence ambulance patient clinical management as soon as possible after presenting to ED
- Standardised protocols are in place, including an escalation process, for managing increased ED demand and delays in patient handover
- Identify appropriate ambulance patients to be off loaded into non cubicle location e.g. waiting room

### Health services

- waiting room
   Processes in place for hospital to immediately assume responsibility for patient care on
- Rostering of staff is matched against identified periods of peak demand

arrival of ambulance to ED

- Ensure processes in place for dedicated monitoring of ambulance arrivals and prioritised, coordinated approach to ensure flow
- Allocation of staffing in EDs to facilitate patient handover, supervision and observation of waiting patients
- Ensuring system is in place for the mutual agreed recording of Ambulance Handover Complete by both ED staff and AV

### 4. Whole of hospital response

Patient flow through the whole of the hospital including in patient bed availability impacts on ED capacity reducing the number of cubicles available and placing additional strain on resources.

### Ambulance Victoria

- Monitor and pro actively facilitate NEPT patient transfers from hospitals in patient areas to create additional capacity during periods of high demand
- Processes in place for cases of significant delays in off loading ambulance patients to be escalated to the CEO

## Emergency demand escalation plan to be in place to ensure a whole of hospital response to creating additional ED capacity

- Active monitoring of daily reports on ambulance patient transfers times
- Executives to monitor ambulance patient transfer times and actively take steps to create additional capacity in the ED

### Health services

- Increase discharge processes (e.g. weekends, after-hours, overnight from ED, unit responsibility for minimum discharges per day) to improve whole of hospital patient flow
- Create and foster a "culture of 'pull'" processes for inpatient admissions from ED
- Increase capacity, flex beds and reorganise staff resources in cover peak periods of demand
- Demonstrate active use of predictive bed management tools to optimise capacity by balancing emergency and elective demand over a seven day week

Hospital Circular xx/2013

Date Issued: Date

Distribution: Public hospitals, private hospitals, Ambulance Victoria

Subject: Ambulance Hospital Transfers

Purpose: To clarify responsibility for patient care on transfer from ambulance to hospital

The Department of Health requires health services and Ambulance Victoria (AV) to work together to ensure that all people in need of emergency care are able to access an ambulance and be transported, when required, to an emergency department (ED) in a timely manner. When a patient is delivered to an ED, the timely transfer of care to ED clinical staff enables the ambulance crew to be available to respond to other people in need of emergency care.

On arrival of an ambulance to an ED, the hospital will immediately assume responsibility for the patient's care. It is recognised that, in some limited occasions, ED clinical staff may commence assessment, investigation and treatment when the patient is still on an ambulance trolley.

It is also noted that:

- Health services have a duty of care to treat emergency patients. All patients are able to access care in an ED regardless of how they arrive
- Ambulance Victoria will deliver patients to the nearest ED in accordance with clinical need, ensuring an optimal distribution of ambulance arrivals across hospitals.
- Hospital CEOs will ensure that the hospital is available to provide assessment, investigations and treatment to a patient arriving by ambulance to an ED.

Health services and AV are monitored on their transfer time performance with a target that 90 per cent of all ambulance patient transfers will occur within 40 minutes. Results on this indicator will be included in the Statement of Priorities (SoP) Performance Assessment Score (PAS) from 1 July 2013.

Further queries relating to the Ambulance Hospital Transfers policy should be directed to Ms Anna Burgess Director Health Service Programs on (03) 9096 2150.

**FRANCES DIVER** 

Executive Director Hospital and Health Service Performance